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### HOW-TO VIDEOS

CLICK THE EXERCISE NAME TO WATCH

### **EXERCISE NAME (A-Z)**

4 cone push	Bus Drivers	Double Dumbbell Row
Arnold Press	Cable Biceps Curl	<u>Dumbbell Bench Press</u>
Assisted Pull-up	Cable Chop	<u>Dumbbell Chest Fly</u>
Band Pullapart	Cable Cross	<u>Dumbbell Front Raise</u>
Banded W Press	Cable Crunch	Dumbbell Hammer Curl
Barbell Bench Press	Cable Face Pull	<u>Dumbbell Lateral Raise</u>
Barbell Box Squat	Cable Fly	<u>Dumbbell Pullover</u>
Barbell Clean & Press	Cable Lateral Raise	<u>Dumbbell RDL (toe-elevated)</u>
Barbell Curl	Cable Pulldown	<u>Dumbbell Reverse Fly</u>
Barbell Deadlift	Cable Reverse Fly	<u>Dumbbell Row</u>
Barbell Good Morning	Cable Row	<u>Dumbbell Shoulder Press</u>
Barbell Hack Squat	Cable Shoulder Rotation	<u>Dumbbell Shrug</u>
Barbell Pendlay Row	Cable Upright Row	<u>Dumbbell Swing</u>
Barbell Pin Squat	Calf Raise	Farmers Carry
Barbell Preacher Curl	<u>Cat Cow</u>	Forearm Roller
Barbell Rack Pull	Chest Fly and Reverse Fly	Forward Banded Barbell Row
Barbell RDL	Chest Supported Dumbbell Row	Glute Extension
Barbell Reverse Curl	Chest Supported Machine Row	<u>Goblet Squat</u>
Barbell Row	<u>Circus Press</u>	Hanging Leg Raise
Barbell Shoulder Press	Close Grip Pulldown	Hip Abduction
Barbell Shrug	Concentration Curl	Hip Adduction
Barbell Squat	Crucifix Curl	<u>Hyper Extension</u>
Barbell Sumo Deadlift	<u>Crunch</u>	Incline Barbell Press
Barbell Sumo Squat	Deficit Deadlift	Incline Dumbbell Press

<u>Dip</u>

**Barbell Upright Row** 

**Incline Dumbbell Chest Fly** 

### HOW-TO VIDEOS

**CLICK TO WATCH** 

#### **EXERCISE NAME (A-Z)**

<u>Inverted Row</u> <u>Single Arm Dumbbell Reverse Fly</u>

<u>Kneeling Overhead Extension</u> <u>Single Arm Dumbbell Row</u>

<u>Leg Extension</u> <u>Single Arm Dumbbell Snatch</u>

<u>Leg Raise Bench</u> <u>Single Arm T-Bar Row</u>

Lunge Single Leg RDL

<u>Lying Incline Dumbbell Curl</u> <u>Single Leg Squat</u>

<u>Lying Leg Curl</u> <u>Sissy Squat</u>

<u>Lying Reverse Crunch</u> <u>Skullcrusher</u>

Machine Bench Press Spyder Curl

Machine Incline Press Standing Leg Curl

Machine Leg Press Step-Up

Machine Preacher Curl Straight Arm Pulldown

<u>Machine Pulldown</u> <u>Suitcase Carry</u>

Machine Shoulder Press T-Bar Row

<u>Medicine Ball Twist</u> <u>Thread the Needle (With Rotation)</u>

Overhead Extension (DB)

Triceps Cable Pushdown

Plate Front Raise Twisting Hanging Leg Raise

Push-Up V-Up

Reach Roll Lift Wall Angel

Rope Cable Hammer Curl Windmill (weighted)

Rope Cable Triceps Extension Z-Press

<u>Side Lying Dumbbell Lateral Raise</u> <u>Priming Movements & Abs (index)</u>

<u>Side Lying Shoulder Rotation</u>
<u>All Barbell Movements (index)</u>

Single Arm Cable Reverse Fly All Dumbbell Movements (index)

<u>Single Arm Cable Triceps Extension</u>
<u>All Banded Movements (index)</u>

Single Arm Dumbbell Preacher Curl All Cable movements (index)

## **TERMINOLOGY**

Warm-up - A movement or exercise you should use to increase your body temperature, warm-up target muscles, and begin focusing on your workout

Prime/Priming Movement- A movement or exercise that should be done with the intent of "priming" muscles that are commonly difficult to connect to. Priming movements are not "stretches" and are not done gingerly. They should be done with intent to engage muscles required.

Tempo - Most repetitions are completed with a self-guided tempo with the understanding that you will be under control. Exercises that come with a tempo prescription are prescribed to increase control, enhance the movement, or target a specific part of the movement.

Tempos are written as four numbers #:#:# which signific the number of seconds to be spent in each phase of an exercise. Every movement has a pause, a lifting/lowering phase, a pause, and a final lifting/lowering phase.

Tempo (Cont.) - For example: 1:2:3:1 for a biceps curl would mean 1 second up or lifting the weight, 2 seconds squeezing at the top, 3 seconds lowering the weight, and 1 second pausing at the bottom before repeating. The first number in the tempo is always a movement phase. Whether that is lowering or lifting depends on the movement.

In the biceps curl example the first number is lifting due to the nature of the movement. For a bench press, the first number would be lowering the weight. Do what is most natural.

Superset - Two exercises perfromed back to back with no rest in-between. Commonly signified by A1 and A2 or B1 and B2 before each movement. The letter refers to the movement group and the number refers to the order of which the exercises will be completed.

Giant Set - Three or more exercises perfromed back to back with no rest in-between.

Commonly signified by A1, A2, A3, etc. and then B1, B2, B3, etc if another giant set is present during the same workout.

# EXERCISE EXECUTION

There are two peices to making progress in fitness; your programming and your execution of that program.

This doesn't just mean showing up consistently but also, it means the quality of every single repetition of every set in every workout is what will be the differentiator between more or less progress.

Programming, is your road map. It is essential but, it can be complex. That's why we've done it for you!

Your job is execution. Here's what makes a super high quality rep:

a. Mind Muscle Connection - your ability to contract a muscle against a weight is important. This is not something you should focus on in things like a barbell squat or barbell deadlift. This is, however, a skill that you will utilize during things like a cable row, a biceps curl, or a hip abduction.

b. Stability - more stability means more of the weight you are lifting is passing through the muscle you're training. External stability is provided by things like benches, seats, and handles on machines. Use them when available. Internal stability is created by squeezing the muscles around a joint that is not movement.

For example, during a dumbbell row, one might contract their glutes and use their abdonimnal muscles to prevent extreme rotation or swinging. During a biceps curl, one would squeeze their back muscles to stabilize their shoulder and use their glutes to hold steady if standing.

c. Having great control over a weight means momentum is not doing any work for you.

### FREQUENLTY ASKED QUESTIONS

### How much weight should I use?

Your programming will give you a specific number of repetitions for each set of each exercise. This will determine the load (or weight) used.

Your goal is to use the weight that produces the right amount of fatigue. As a beginner, you should *never* push your muscles to failure (aka where you cannot do another rep).

At the end of each set, you should feel as if you could complete 2-4 more repetitions. You will feel able to do more but, your body will not be able to recover the next day, and therefore, you'll go backward, not forwards. As you progress, you'll be able to push a litter harder, leaving 1-2 reps in the tank.

Finding the correct weight is a bit of trial and error at first. For example, if you were prescribed a Leg Press at 10-12 repetitions, you should simply select a weight and try 10-12 repetitions. If you hit 12 reps and it's still easy, add weight. If you cannot reach 10, remove weight.

### How many days a week should I workout?

Before you decide on days per week you must first understand that consistency is the number one predictor of success in fitness. We celebrate 2 days/week every single week over sporadic workout frequency.

Pick a number of days you can do consistently. For beginners, we recommend a minimum of 2 and a maximum of 4.

Remember, you can always perform other forms of movement on your "off days" from the gym such as yoga, walking, hiking, etc.

### FREQUENLTY ASKED QUESTIONS

#### How sore should I be after a workout?

Soreness is NOT a marker of progress. It's sometimes a byproduct of exercise. Never, ever use soreness to gauge your progress. While it is to be expected, it shouldn't be chased, nor avoided. Our society chases sensation. We are very bad at believing in processes that take time. Don't chase the sensation of soreness. If you are getting stronger, month over month, you are making progress.

Remember, progress takes time and you'll be the last person to notice. Using objective measures like strength helps us *see* our progress.

#### Should I be doing strength training?

You should *only* be doing strength training if you are aged 8-95 and desire a faster metabolism, leaner body, better joint health, better sleep, better hormonal health, more strength, and more mobility.

If you'd like to slow your metabolism, damage your joints, and improve your ability to store body fat, please do *exclusively* cardiovascular training. Cardio is g-r-e-a-t. But, it's a tool that has its place. Strength training is the most adaptable and has the highest return on time invested form of exercise, *period*.

### What if I don't want to grow big muscles?

Growing muscle is incredibly difficult. Even if you could grow muscle incredibly fast, that would in turn speed up your metabolism so much that you should shed body fat even faster. Remember, muscle = metabolism.

Please consider that muscle is 1/3 the volume of body fat. If "size" is your concern, gaining 10 lbs of muscle, and losing 10lbs of body fat would make it seem as if you've lost 30lbs, even though your weight would remain the same. **Weight is a terrible marker for progress for most people.** 

### FREQUENLTY ASKED QUESTIONS

#### How many times should I repeat a program?

In general, you can repeat a program once or twice. As a beginner, you can get away with repeating a program a few more times, however, eventually, your body will adapt and get very good at those exercise, that amount of volume (# of sets), and that rep range. At that point, change is required. This is why we've written dozens of programs for you.

Be sure that you are adding weight as you repeat your program as you will ineventably be stronger after completing your program each time.

#### Where can I go to learn more about health & fitness?

You have access to:

- all of our online classes & workshops
- a staff of personal trainers
- 100's of how-to videos
- a list of whole food recipes
   and more at www.upliftfitnessohio.com

Use your resources and ask us for guidance! Your success is our job. If you don't reach your goals, we've failed. Don't hesitate to ask for help!

### **WEEKS 1-3**

UPLIFT CUT

DAY	1
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EXERCISE	SETS	REPS	REST
Warm-Up: Box Squat	11	12	X
A1: Barbell Back Squat	5-7	3-5	Χ
A2: Box Jumps	5-7	6-8	2:00-3:00
B1: Pull-Ups	5	5-7	Χ
B2: Jump Rope	5	:45-1:00	2:00-3:00
C1: Dips	4	6	X
C2: Push-Ups	4	AMRAP-:2	2:00-3:00
		0	

EXERCISE	SETS	REPS	REST
Warm-Up: Barbell Good Mornings	1	15	Х
A1: Deadlift	5-6	4-6	Χ
A2: Inverted Rows	5-6	15	2:00-3:00
B1: Machine Chest Fly	4	6	X
B2: Push-Ups	4	12-20	2:00-3:00
C1: Leg Press	3	6	X
C2: Burpees	3	12	2:00-3:00
Lying Leg Curl	1	8	Χ

### **WEEKS 1-3**

UPLIFT CUT

EXERCISE	SETS	REPS	REST
5 Minute Cardio Warm-Up	1	8:5:00	
Bodyweight Squat	2	15	
Leg Swings (Ballistic Stretch)	1	:30-1:00	
Upright Bike Intervals	5	:15 on 1:30 off	
5 Minutes Stretching & Deep Breathing	1	5:00	
T-Stretch	4	:20/leg	
Frog Stretch	4	:20	
Warrior Lunge Stretch	3	:10/leg	
Single Leg Glute Stretch	4	:10/leg	
Single Leg Calf Stretch into Isometric	2	:05 + 6 reps	
Shoulder Circles	2	15 each way	
Banded W-Press	2	10	
Kneeling Cross Body Shoulder Stretch	2	:20	

## **WEEKS 1-3**

UPLIFT CUT

EXERCISE	SETS	REPS	REST
A1. Overhead Barbell proce	5	2-5	V
A1: Overhead Barbell press			X
A2: Squat Jumps	5	12	2:00
B1: Double Dumbbell Row	5	5-7	Χ
B2: Hyper Extensions	5	8	Χ
B3: Mountain Climber	5	10/side	2:00-3:00
C1: Dumbbell Step-Ups 4	4	6/leg	Χ
C2: Jumping Split Squat (Or Split 4 Squat)	4	6/leg	2:00-3:00

## **WEEKS 4-6**

UPLIFT CUT

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EXERCISE	SETS	REPS	REST
A1: Front/Goblet Squat	6	8	X
A2: Mountain Climber	6	10	1:30
B1: Incline Dumbbell Press	5	12	Χ
B2: Reverse Crunch	5	10	1:30
C1: Good Mornings	4	10	X
C2: Squat Into Box Jumps	4	6	1:30

EXERCISE	SETS	REPS	REST
A1: Barbell or T-Bar Row	6	10	Х
A2: DB Swing	6	10	1:30
B1: Leg Press	3	12	X
B2: Burpees	3	6	1:30
C1: Push-Ups	3	AMRAP for :30	X
C2: Plank	3	:45	1:30

## **WEEKS 4-6**

UPLIFT CUT

EXERCISE	SETS	REPS	REST
5 Minute Cardio Warm-Up	1	5:00	
Bodyweight Squat	2	15	
Leg Swings (Ballistic Stretch)	1	:30-1:00	
Upright Bike Intervals	7-8	:15 on 1:30 off	
5 Minutes Stretching & Deep Breathing	1	5:00	
T-Stretch	4	:20/leg	
Frog Stretch	4	:20	
Supermans	4	:10	
Single-Leg Glute Stretch	4	:10/leg	
Single-Leg Calf Stretch into Isometric	2	:05 + 6 reps	
Shoulder Circles	2	15 each way	
Scap Push	3	15, 12, 8	
Banded W-Press 2	2	10	
Kneeling Cross Body Shoulder Stretch	2	:20	

## **WEEKS 4-6**

UPLIFT CUT

EXERCISE	SETS	REPS	REST
-			
A1: Barbell Bench Press	5	8-12	X
A2: Inverted Rows	5	12	1:30
B1: Reverse Dumbbell Fly	4	12	X
B2: Chest Supported Rows	4	12	1:30
C1: Step-Ups into High Knee	4	8/legs	X
C2: Glute Bridge	4	:30	X
C3: Reverse Crunch on Bench	4	15	1:30

## **WEEKS 7-8**

UPLIFT CUT

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EXERCISE	SETS	REPS	REST
Darball Back Squat	5	8	1:00
Barbell Back Squat	5	0	1:00
A1: Cable Crossover	5	12	X
A2: Close Grip Pulldown	5	12	1:00
Elliptical with HR @ 100-120	1	10:00	Χ

EXERCISE	SETS	REPS	REST
A1: Single-Arm Dumbbell Rows	5	15	X
A2: Push-Ups	5	8-15	X
A3: Single Leg Squat	5	8/leg	X
A4: Hanging Leg Raise	5	12:30	3:00

## **WEEKS 7-8**

UPLIFT CUT

EXERCISE	SETS	REPS	REST	
5 Minute Cardio Warm-Up	1	5:00		
Bodyweight Squat	2	15		
Leg Swings (Ballistic Stretch)	1	:30-1:00		
Upright Bike Intervals	7-8	5:00		
5 Minutes Stretching & Deep Breathing	1	:20/leg		
Cross Body Hip Stretch	4	:20		
Frog Stretch	4	:10		
Supermans	4	:10/leg		
Single-Leg Glute Stretch	4	:05 + 6 reps		
Single-Leg Calf Stretch into Isometric	2	15 each way		
Shoulder Circles	2	5/side		
Lizard with Rotation	2			

## **WEEKS 7-8**

UPLIFT CUT

EXERCISE	SETS	REPS	REST
Dips	2	10-12	:30
Pull-Ups	2	10-12	:30
Lunges	3	8/leg	:30
Seated DB Shoulder Press (Dropset)	3	12/8	:30
Lying Triceps Extension	2	10-12	:30
Barbell Curl	2	10-12	:30
Elliptical Intervals	4	1:00 on 2:00 off	X